

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition period from _ to _ .



ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in Charter)

DELAWARE	333-143215	26-0198662
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(Commission File No.)	(IRS Employee Identification No.)

Petroleum Towers, Suite 530
3639 Ambassador Caffery Blvd Lafayette, LA 70505
P.O. Box 52523
Lafayette, LA 70505
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

337- 984-2000
(Issuer Telephone number)

337- 988-1777
Issuer Fax Number

www.engt.com
www.energyntechology.com

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the
Exchange Act:

None.

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the
Exchange Act

Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share
(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 14 or Section 15(d) of the Act.
Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company filer. See definition of "accelerated filer" and "large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer Non-Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Yes No

According to the Company's only transfer agent of record, Olde Monmouth Stock Transfer Agent's latest records, the number of shares outstanding of each of the Company's classes of common equity, as of July 15, 2013, is 169,144,950 shares of common stock. The company has issued no stock since that date.

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.**FORM 10-Q****June 30, 2013****INDEX****PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

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INTRODUCTORY NOTE

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 about Energy & Technology, Corp. (the “Company”) and our subsidiaries, Technical Industries, Inc. (TII), Energy Pipe, LLC (EP), (a variable interest entity), and Energy Technology Manufacturing & Threading, LLC (ETMT), (a variable interest entity), that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements include information concerning future financial performance, business strategy, projected plans and objectives. Statements preceded by, followed by or that otherwise include the words “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “may increase,” “may fluctuate” and similar expressions of future or conditional verbs such as “will,” “should,” “would,” and “could” are generally forward-looking in nature and not historical facts. Actual results may differ materially from those projected, implied, anticipated or expected in the forward-looking statements. Readers of this quarterly report should not rely solely on the forward-looking statements and should consider all uncertainties and risks throughout this report. The statements are representative only as of the date they are made. The Company, TII, and Energy Pipe, LLC (sometimes referred to herein on a consolidated basis as the Company, we, us, or similar phrasing) undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement.

These forward-looking statements, implicitly and explicitly, include the assumptions underlying the statements and other information with respect to the Company's beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, expectations, anticipations, estimates, financial condition, results of operations, future performance and business, including management's expectations and estimates with respect to revenues, expenses, return on equity, return on assets, efficiency ratio, asset quality and other financial data and capital and performance ratios.

Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, these statements involve risks and uncertainties that are subject to change based on various important factors, some of which are beyond the control of the Company. The following factors, among others, could cause the Company's results or financial performance to differ materially from its goals, plans, objectives, intentions, expectations and other forward-looking statements:

- general economic and industry conditions;
- our capital requirements and dependence on the sale of our equity securities;
- the liquidity of the Company's common stock will be affected by the lack of a trading market;
- industry competition;
- shortages in availability of qualified personnel;
- legal and financial implications of unexpected catastrophic events;
- regulatory or legislative changes effecting the industries we serve; and
- reliance on, and the ability to attract, key personnel.

For a discussion of these and other risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, see “Risk Factors” in the Company's S-1 Report filed with the SEC, which is available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. All forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement, and the Company undertakes no obligation to revise or update this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict which factors, if any, will arise. In addition, the Company cannot assess the impact of each factor on the Company's business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

PART I. Financial Information**ITEM 1. Financial Statements****ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.****Consolidated Balance Sheets**

	June 30 2013 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	December 31, 2012 <u>(Audited)</u>
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,009,568	\$ 2,879,195
Accounts Receivable		
Trade, Net	767,528	197,158
Other	17,124	16,324
Inventory	2,309,048	2,878,085
Prepaid Expenses	73,003	99,001
Deferred Tax Asset	1,022,906	875,441
	<u>6,199,177</u>	<u>6,945,204</u>
Total Current Assets		
Property and Equipment, Net		
Held for Operations, Net	4,105,882	4,581,403
Held for Investment	1,165,016	1,095,583
	<u>5,270,898</u>	<u>5,676,986</u>
Total Property and Equipment		
Other Assets		
Patent, net	407,798	422,191
Deposits	4,988	4,988
Other Assets	19,983	16,389
	<u>432,769</u>	<u>443,568</u>
Total Other Assets		
	<u>432,769</u>	<u>443,568</u>
Total Assets		
	<u>\$ 11,902,844</u>	<u>\$ 13,065,758</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.
Consolidated Balance Sheets (Continued)

	June 30 2013 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	December 31, 2012 <u>(Audited)</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities		
Current Maturities of Notes Payable	\$ 473,602	\$ 491,557
Accounts Payable	1,983,083	2,220,045
Accrued Payroll and Payroll Liabilities	82,654	62,348
Accrued Rent	1,862,500	1,787,500
Income Taxes Payable	34,502	41,342
	<u>4,436,341</u>	<u>4,602,792</u>
Total Current Liabilities		
Long-Term Liabilities		
Notes Payable	178,707	405,422
Deferred Taxes Payable	699,974	811,025
Due to Affiliates	2,402,796	2,450,033
	<u>3,281,477</u>	<u>3,666,480</u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities		
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred Stock - \$.001 Par Value; 10,000,000 Shares Authorized, None Issued	-	-
Common Stock - \$.001 Par Value; 250,000,000 Shares Authorized, 169,144,950 Shares Issued and Outstanding at June 30, 2013 and 169,052,400 at December 31, 2012, with 80,885,050 Shares unissued at June 30, 2013 and 80,947,600 at December 31, 2012	169,145	169,145
Discount on Common Stock	(115,100)	(115,100)
Treasury Stock	(100,505)	0
Paid-In Capital	4,288,830	4,288,830
Retained Earnings	(57,344)	453,611
	<u>4,185,026</u>	<u>4,796,486</u>
Total Stockholders' Equity		
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u>\$ 11,902,844</u>	<u>\$ 13,065,758</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	30,			
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenues	\$ 1,319,313	\$ 1,830,981	\$ 2,279,988	\$ 5,269,659
Cost of Revenues				
Labor and Related Costs	132,097	133,607	233,652	273,701
Subcontract Labor	207,304	216,445	369,041	473,294
Depreciation	202,733	171,646	405,907	343,292
Repairs and Maintenance	16,038	13,797	26,095	164,424
Materials and Supplies	281,365	701,244	817,218	2,456,001
Other Costs	37,588	34,724	63,519	53,779
Insurance	43,574	30,845	99,846	55,226
Total Cost of Revenues	<u>920,699</u>	<u>1,302,308</u>	<u>2,015,278</u>	<u>3,819,717</u>
Gross Profit	<u>398,614</u>	<u>528,673</u>	<u>264,710</u>	<u>1,449,942</u>
Operating Expenses				
Salaries and Wages	137,008	109,659	245,572	243,125
Professional Services	70,665	87,134	277,708	185,886
Rent	48,948	60,991	98,728	120,607
Depreciation	38,300	41,190	79,319	82,330
Travel, Lodging and Meals	29,052	33,625	58,075	47,653
Office Supplies and Expenses	11,361	17,423	38,057	34,122
Utilities	13,856	18,999	26,792	52,698
Communications	10,326	11,782	21,371	24,581
Repairs and Maintenance	25,046	32,543	25,046	32,543
Property Taxes	-	-	-	57,906
Patent Amortization	7,197	7,196	14,393	14,393
Other	19,621	47,219	82,449	82,865
Total Operating Expenses	<u>411,380</u>	<u>467,761</u>	<u>967,510</u>	<u>978,709</u>
Income (Loss) from Operations	<u>(12,766)</u>	<u>60,912</u>	<u>(702,800)</u>	<u>471,233</u>
Other Income (Expense)				
Investment Income	6,523	6,906	13,930	11,222
Interest Expense	(40,100)	(38,926)	(80,601)	(78,463)
Total Other Income (Expense)	<u>(33,577)</u>	<u>(32,020)</u>	<u>(66,671)</u>	<u>(67,241)</u>
Income (Loss) Before Provision for Income Taxes	(46,343)	28,892	(769,471)	403,992
Provision for Income Taxes	<u>(19,607)</u>	<u>7,052</u>	<u>(258,516)</u>	<u>133,004</u>
Net Income (Loss)	<u>\$ (26,736)</u>	<u>\$ 21,840</u>	<u>\$ (510,955)</u>	<u>\$ 270,988</u>
Earnings (Loss) per Share - Basic	<u>NM</u>	<u>\$ 0.0001</u>	<u>NM</u>	<u>\$ 0.002</u>
Earnings (Loss) per Share - Diluted	<u>NM</u>	<u>\$ 0.0001</u>	<u>NM</u>	<u>\$ 0.002</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY CORP.
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

	Common Stock		Discount on	Additional	Treasury	Retained	Total
	Shares	Amount	Capital Stock	Paid-In Capital	Stock	Earnings	Stockholders' Equity
Balance at January 1, 2012	169,052,400	\$ 169,052	\$ (115,100)	\$ 4,229,195	-	\$ 807,587	\$ 5,090,734
Bonus shares issued	92,550	93	-	59,635	-	-	59,728
Net Income	-	-	-	-	-	270,988	270,988
Balance at December 31, 2012	169,144,950	\$ 169,145	\$ (115,100)	\$ 4,288,830	\$ -	\$ 453,611	\$ 4,796,486
Shares buyback	-	-	-	-	(100,505)	-	\$ (100,505)
Net (Loss)	-	-	-	-	-	(510,955)	(510,955)
Balance at June 30, 2013	<u>169,144,950</u>	<u>\$ 169,145</u>	<u>\$ (115,100)</u>	<u>\$ 4,288,830</u>	<u>\$ (100,505)</u>	<u>\$ (57,344)</u>	<u>\$ 4,185,026</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (510,955)	\$ 270,988
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in)		
Operating Activities		
Depreciation	485,226	425,622
Amortization of Patent Costs	14,393	14,393
Deferred Income Taxes	(258,516)	133,004
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		
Trade Receivables	(570,370)	354,341
Other Receivables	(800)	(750)
Inventory	569,037	5,515
Prepaid Expenses	25,998	29,997
Accounts Payable	(236,962)	1,704,770
Accrued Payroll and Payroll Liabilities	20,306	10,455
Income Taxes Payable	(6,840)	(6,523)
Accrued Rent	75,000	75,000
	<u>(394,483)</u>	<u>3,016,812</u>
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Other Assets	(3,594)	(6,057)
Purchase of Property and Equipment	(79,138)	(1,106,809)
	<u>(82,732)</u>	<u>(1,112,866)</u>
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Borrowings from Affiliates	(47,237)	65,103
Purchase of Treasury Stock	(100,505)	-
Principal Repayments on Notes Payable	(244,670)	(131,776)
	<u>(392,412)</u>	<u>(66,673)</u>
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(869,627)	1,837,273
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	<u>2,879,195</u>	<u>943,894</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	<u>\$ 2,009,568</u>	<u>\$ 2,781,167</u>
Cash Paid During the Period for Interest	<u>\$ 6,335</u>	<u>\$ 7,662</u>
Cash Paid During the Period for Income Taxes	<u>\$ 6,840</u>	<u>\$ 6,523</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Note 1. Organization

Technical Industries & Energy, Corp. (the Company) (TIE) was formed November 29, 2006 under the laws of the State of Delaware in order to acquire and to take over the assets and business of Technical Industries, Inc. (TII). On that date, the Company issued 125,000,000 shares of common stock to American Interest, LLC, in exchange for founder services rendered. The fair value of these services was considered immaterial, and no amounts were recognized in the financial statements. At the time the shares were issued to American Interest, LLC, TIE had no assets, operations, or cash flows. As such, the stock had no value at the time TIE was established. The par value was arbitrarily established in order to comply with the State of Delaware laws. In order to reflect the par value of the shares issued, the Company recognized a discount on capital stock as a contra-equity account within the equity section of the consolidated balance sheets. On January 3, 2007, the Company entered into a Stock Exchange Agreement and Share Exchange (the Agreement) whereby the sole shareholder of TII exchanged all of the outstanding shares of the TII to the Company in exchange for 50,000,000 shares of Company stock. Accordingly, TII became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded at the carrying value to TII since TII and the Company were under common control prior to the acquisition.

TII specializes in the non-destructive testing of vessels, oilfield equipment and mainly pipe, including ultrasonic testing, utilizing the latest technologies. These technologies enable TII to (i) provide detailed information to customers regarding each pipe tested, and (ii) reach energy reserves present technology cannot reach without extra cost to the oil and gas companies. Because of the intense scrutiny applied to each section of pipe, TII is able to generate data which allows the pipe to be used in the most extreme conditions, and has been proven especially useful in deep water drilling operations in the Gulf of Mexico.

On August 29, 2008, the Company effected a name change from Technical Industries & Energy Corp. to Energy & Technology, Corp. to better reflect the nature of the Company's business.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Technical Industries, Inc., the accounts of Energy Pipe, LLC (a variable interest entity), and the accounts of Energy Technology Manufacturing & Threading, LLC (a variable interest entity). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of financial information for the interim periods presented. These adjustments are of a normal recurring nature and include appropriate estimated provisions.

Basis of Accounting

Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates due to information that becomes available subsequent to the issuance of the financial statements or for other reasons.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue for inspection services is recognized upon completion of the services rendered. Revenue for the sales of pipe is recognized when: a) pipe is delivered and the customer takes ownership and assumes the risks of loss, b) collection of the relevant receivable is probable, c) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, and d) the sales price is fixed or determinable.

Trade Receivables

Trade accounts receivable are carried at their estimated collectible amounts. Trade credit is generally extended on a short-term basis; thus receivables do not bear interest, although a finance charge may be applied to amounts past due. Trade accounts receivable are periodically evaluated for collectability based on past credit history with customers and their current financial

condition. Provisions for uncollectible amounts are determined based on management's estimate of collectability. Provisions for uncollectible amounts were \$14,640 for the quarters ending June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost determined by the specific identification method or market. At June 30, 2013 and at December 31, 2012, inventory consisted of pipe available for sale.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Expenditures for property and equipment and items that substantially increase the useful lives of existing assets are capitalized at cost and depreciated. Routine expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation of property and equipment disposed of are eliminated from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recognized.

Depreciation is provided utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets capitalized.

Based on management's intentions, investment property, which is held for the purposes of earning rental income and capital appreciation, is distinguished from property owned and occupied by the Company. The Company is not currently depreciating the property held as investment, nor has any rental income been earned.

Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

In the event facts and circumstances indicate that carrying amounts of long-lived assets may be impaired, the Company evaluates the recoverability of its long-lived assets using the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset compared to the asset's carrying amount to determine if a write-down is required, pursuant to the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) ASC 360-10-35. Any impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of the impaired asset.

Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of temporary cash investments and trade receivables. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, three customers made up approximately 54% of the Company's revenues, and two customers made up approximately 75% of the Company's receivable balance at June 30, 2013. For the six months ended June 30, 2012, three customers made up approximately 57% of the Company's revenues, and four customers made up approximately 89% of the Company's receivable balance at June 30, 2012.

The Company maintains cash balances at several financial institutions, and periodically maintains cash in bank accounts in excess of insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses and does not believe that significant credit risk exists as a result of this practice.

Advertising

The Company charges the costs of advertising to expense as incurred. Advertising expense of \$12,065 was recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2013. For the six months ended June 30, 2012 advertising expense was \$10,010. Advertising is recorded as part of Other Operating Expenses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Income Taxes

The Company recognizes income taxes in accordance with FASB ASC 740, "Income Taxes" (formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*). ASC 740 uses the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under the asset and liability method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences of "temporary differences" by applying enacted statutory tax rates applicable to future years to the difference between financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of existing assets and liabilities. Deferred taxes are also recognized for operating losses and tax credits that are available to offset future income taxes.

When tax returns are filed, it is highly certain that some positions taken would be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities, while others are subject to uncertainty about the merits of the position taken or the amount of the position that would be ultimately sustained. The benefit of a tax position is recognized in the financial statements in the period during which, based on all available evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination,

including the resolution of appeals or litigation processes, if any.

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Tax positions taken are not offset or aggregated with other positions. Tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold are measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement with the applicable taxing authority. The portion of the benefits associated with tax positions taken that exceeds the amount measured as described above would be reflected as a liability for unrecognized tax benefits in the consolidated balance sheet along with any associated interest and penalties that would be payable to the taxing authorities upon examination. Interest and penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits would be classified as additional income taxes in the statement of operations.

Comprehensive Income

The Company had no components of comprehensive income. Therefore, net income (loss) equals comprehensive income (loss) for the periods presented.

Emerging Growth Company Critical Accounting Policy Disclosure

The Company qualifies as an “emerging growth company” under the 2012 JOBS Act. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7 (a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards. As an emerging growth company, the Company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. The Company may elect to take advantage of the benefits of this extended transition period in the future.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2011-05, “*Comprehensive Income – Presentation of Comprehensive Income.*” ASU No. 2011-05 eliminated the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of stockholders’ equity. It requires an entity to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In December, 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-12, “*Comprehensive Income – Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in ASU 2011-05*” to defer the effective date of the specific requirement to present items that are reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income to net income alongside their respective components of net income and other comprehensive income. All other provisions of this update, which are to be applied retrospectively, are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning December 15, 2011. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption will have on their consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-11, “*Balance Sheet – Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities.*” ASU 2011-11 requires entities to disclose information about offsetting and related arrangements of financial instruments and derivative instruments and will be applied retrospectively for all comparative periods presented. ASU 2011-11 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption will have on its consolidated financial statements.

On January 1, 2012, the Company adopted guidance issued by the FASB on accounting and disclosure requirements related to fair value measurements. The guidance limits the highest-and-best-use measure to nonfinancial assets, permits certain financial assets and liabilities with offsetting positions in market or counterparty credit risks to be measured at a net basis, and provides guidance on the applicability of premiums and discounts. Additionally, the guidance expands the disclosures on Level 3 inputs by requiring quantitative disclosure of the unobservable inputs and assumptions, as well as description of the valuation processes and the sensitivity of the fair value to changes in unobservable inputs. Adoption of this new guidance did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

Note 3. Patent

On September 4, 2007, the Company’s chief executive officer was awarded a patent from the United States Patent and Trademark Office pertaining to his development of specialized testing procedures for drilling pipe utilized by oil-exploration companies.

The Company’s costs associated with its development of these testing procedures and application for patent have been capitalized and recognized as an asset in the Company’s balance sheet, and is being amortized over 20 years. Amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$14,392 respectively.

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Property and Equipment

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 3,042,385	\$ 3,042,385
Equipment	5,747,749	5,747,749
Autos and Trucks	248,394	248,394
Office Furniture	27,455	17,751
	<u>9,065,983</u>	<u>9,056,279</u>
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(4,960,101)	(4,474,876)
Total	<u>\$ 4,105,882</u>	<u>\$ 4,581,403</u>

Depreciation expense amounted to \$485,226 and \$425,622 for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Note 5. Notes Payable

Notes payable at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consist of the following:

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Imperial Credit Corp, Insurance, \$96,213 note dated October 15, 2012, due August 15, 2013 payable in monthly installments of \$9,975, interest rate 7.95%, secured by insurance.	54,222	77,475
Regions Bank, \$213,226 note dated October 15, 2010, due October 15, 2014, payable in monthly installments of \$4,120, interest rate 5.98%, secured by equipment.	56,175	83,892
U.S. Bancorp, \$340,990 note dated December 29, 2010 due December 29, 2014, payable in monthly installments of \$6,585, interest rate 5.93%, secured by equipment.	104,885	145,899
U.S. Bancorp, \$260,000 note dated May 17, 2011 due May 17, 2015, payable in monthly installments of \$4,954, interest rate 5.4%, secured by equipment.	98,609	131,275
BMW Credit, \$60,303 note dated November 18, 2011 due November 18, 2015, payable in monthly installments of \$1,081, interest rate 2.9%, secured by vehicle.	26,408	32,048
Ally Bank, \$23,968 note dated February 25, 2011 due February 25, 2016, payable in monthly installments of \$463, interest rate 6.0%, secured by vehicle.	12,677	14,807
Wells Fargo Bank, \$449,000 note dated October 18, 2012 due October 18, 2014, payable in monthly installments of \$18,708, interest rate 0.0%, secured by vehicle.	<u>299,333</u>	<u>411,583</u>
Total	<u>652,309</u>	896,979
Less: Current Portion	<u>473,602</u>	491,557
Long-Term Portion	<u>\$ 178,707</u>	<u>\$ 405,422</u>

Following are maturities of long-term debt at December 31, 2012:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2013	\$ 246,887
2014	374,766
2015	<u>30,656</u>
Total	<u>\$ 652,309</u>

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Commitments

The Company leases office premises, operating facilities, and equipment under several operating leases expiring in various years through 2030. The Company also leases land for operating purposes on a month to month basis.

Note 7. Major Customers

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company had three customers which generated revenues in excess of 10% of the Company's total revenues. Revenues for these three customers were approximately 54% of total revenues, and the total balance due from these three customers at June 30, 2013 was \$584,141.

Note 8. Related Party Transactions

Included in due to affiliates is \$1,755,783 and \$1,688,253 at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, in acquisition debts paid by affiliates upon the acquisition of the Company in 1999. The affiliates maintain a lien on the Company's accounts receivable and equipment to secure this loan. The amounts due to the affiliates have no set terms of repayment and bear interest at 8.00%. Interest expense associated with this obligation totaled \$67,530 and \$62,528 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Note 9. Equity

The Company is authorized to issue 250,000,000 shares of common stock at a par value of \$.001 per share. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 there were 169,144,250 shares issued and outstanding.

The Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock. As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, there were no shares issued and outstanding.

In 2012, the company issued a total of 92,550 shares of common stock valued at an average of \$.645 a share to employees as compensation.

Note 10. Earnings per Share

The weighted average common shares outstanding amounted to 169,114,950 for the three months ended and the six months ended June 30, 2013, and 169,052,400 for the three months ended and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively.

Note 11. Fair Value Disclosures

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating fair values for financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents: The carrying amount reported in the balance sheet approximates fair value.

Notes Payable: The fair value of notes payable approximates the carrying amount reported in the balance sheet.

Due to Affiliates: The carrying amount approximates fair values.

While these estimates of fair value are based on management's judgment of appropriate factors, there is no assurance that if the Company had disposed of such items at June 30, 2013 or December 31, 2012, the estimated fair values would have been achieved. Market values may differ depending on various circumstances not taken into consideration in this methodology. The estimated fair values at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, should not necessarily be considered to apply at subsequent dates.

In addition, other assets and liabilities that are not defined as financial instruments are not included in the following disclosures, such as property and equipment. The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

June 30, 2013

December 31, 2012

	<u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 2,009,568</u>	<u>\$ 2,009,568</u>	<u>\$ 2,879,195</u>	<u>\$ 2,879,195</u>
Financial liabilities:				
Notes Payable	\$ 652,309	\$ 652,309	\$ 896,979	\$ 896,979
Due to Affiliates	<u>2,402,796</u>	<u>2,402,796</u>	<u>2,450,033</u>	<u>2,450,033</u>
	<u>\$ 3,055,105</u>	<u>\$ 3,055,105</u>	<u>\$ 3,347,012</u>	<u>\$ 3,347,012</u>

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12. Subsequent Events

In accordance with the subsequent events topic of the FASB ASC, Topic No. 855, "*Subsequent Events*", the Company evaluates events and transactions that occur after the balance sheet date for potential recognition in the financial statements. The effect of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence of conditions that existed at the balance sheet date are recognized in the financial statements as of June 30, 2013. In preparing these financial statements, the Company evaluated the events and transactions through the date these financial statements were issued.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

General

Headquartered in Lafayette, Louisiana, with production facilities in Houston, Texas and Abbeville, Louisiana, Energy & Technology, Corp. provides non-destructive testing (NDT) services, OCTG and oilfield pipe sales, service and storage, and rig and equipment sales. Originally founded on May 11, 1971 as an inspection company, Energy & Technology, Corp. currently serves customers throughout the oil patch of Louisiana and Texas as well as in Canada, Mexico, and in the Gulf of Mexico. The Company's customer base of over 130 accounts consists of major oil companies, steel mills, material suppliers, drilling companies, tool rental companies, and natural gas storage operators. Due to the nature of its technology, the Company maintains competitive advantages in offshore deep water and other onshore critical projects.

Technical Industries, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Energy & Technology, Corp., manufactures its own proprietary NDT equipment. The Company's patented ultrasonic systems have some of the largest OD and pipe length capabilities in the industry and the deepest penetration capability offered for wall thickness measurement. The Company holds patents on certain exclusive inspection technology that allows oil and gas companies to use their current drill strings and other equipment to reach depths that were previously unreachable. This technology can make wells safer, increase the success rate for critical wells, and greatly reduce the chances of a failure. As the industry moves to ever deeper reserves and makes advances in horizontal drilling, oil and gas wells are becoming more and more expensive and difficult to drill, making this technology more of a necessity.

In the oilfield pipe sales and storage segment, Energy & Technology, Corp utilizes a state-of-the-art web based inventory management system that allows each client to view and track projects during processing, to locate inventory throughout the plant, and access reports, bill of ladings, tally sheets, logs and other required information.

Energy Technology Manufacturing & Threading, LLC's new facility has been completed and is fully operational. This facility is capable of threading, bucking, and repair of drill pipe, casing, and tubing up to 11 7/8" diameter. The plant is equipped with a Computer Controlled lathe accurate to within the most critical of tolerances, and has the capability to manufacture, thread, repair, and manufacture pup joints and marker joints to any length the customer requires, as well as to machine any threads for which specs can be furnished. Technicians have between 10 and 34 years of experience in the manufacturing and threading industry. This new facility brings ENGT one step closer to its goal of supplying all tubular services under one roof.

Key Ongoing Operational Processes:

Updated ISO Certification

Energy & Technology, Corp. recognizes that quality is every bit as important as price and prompt service. This is even truer of the Company's typical client, who often contracts for services that other companies are not able to provide. In response to our clients' requirements, the Company has obtained the latest ISO:9001 certification by Moody's, recognized in the industry as representing the highest quality control available. As the Company's business lines are very synergistic, management feels that it can leverage this dominant position to increase share in the markets in which it competes, and likely more in the critical service arena. ENGT recently passed ISO audit with no remarks.

Foreign Trade Zone Status

Energy & Technology, Corp. has selected the well known auditing and financial consulting firm KPMG to assist the Company in meeting the requirements to establish a Foreign Trade Zone at its Houston, Texas facility. KPMG has started the initial feasibility analysis with the formal application to follow. The establishment of a Foreign Trade Zone is expected to produce a substantial increase in the Company's ability to sell to overseas markets, and make the Company a far more attractive distribution partner for foreign manufacturers. Management feels that market share could be taken through a successful designation as an FTZ subzone.

Increased Sales and Marketing Effort

Energy & Technology, Corp. has grown over the historical period without an aggressive marketing and sales effort. New business was generated from referrals, technical sessions given to oil and gas and industry related companies, the Company website, and through the use of a marketing company on a limited basis. ENGT has experienced significant new interest from major oil and gas companies - including site visits and evaluations - for its VisonArray™ deep water and critical well technologies, and ENGT Manufacturing facilities. Currently, there are several employees whose duties are focused on sales, and one marketing and promotional activity director. Management believes revenue can be greatly increased by expanding the Company's sales force. ENGT has replaced Richard Best, formerly of Halliburton, with Rachel Shen to execute marketing from our Houston location. Ms. Shen holds an MBA from the

University of Texas.

Diversification

Energy & Technology, Corp. has diligently worked to diversify its business model by adding sales, service, and storage of OCTG and all types of oilfield pipe, as well as equipment leasing and sales. The Company's new threading and repair facility, located on our Houston campus, became operational in July 2010 and on September 30, 2011 received numerous ISO and API certifications. Additional growth will come domestically, but management feels that overseas expansion is critical to the ultimate success of the business plan.

Critical Accounting Policies

The Company has identified the following accounting policies to be the critical accounting policies of the Company:

Revenue Recognition. Revenue for inspection services is recognized upon completion of the services rendered. Revenue for the sales of pipe is recognized when pipe is delivered and the customer takes ownership and assumes the risks of loss, collection of the relevant receivable is probable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, and the sales price is fixed or determinable.

Inventory. Inventory is stated at the lower of cost determined by the specific identification method or market. At June 30, 2013, inventory consisted of pipe available for sale.

Property and Equipment. Property and equipment are stated at cost. Expenditures for property and equipment and items that substantially increase the useful lives of existing assets are capitalized at cost and depreciated. Routine expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation of property and equipment disposed of are eliminated from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recognized. Depreciation is provided utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets capitalized.

Valuation of Long-Lived Assets. In the event facts and circumstances indicate that carrying amounts of long-lived assets may be impaired, the Company evaluates the recoverability of its long-lived assets using the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset compared to the asset's carrying amount to determine if a write-down is required, pursuant to the provisions of SFAS Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) ASC 360-10-35. Any impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of the impaired asset.

Discussion of Changes in Financial Condition from December 31, 2012 to June 30, 2013

At June 30, 2013, total assets amounted to \$11,902,844 compared to \$13,065,758 at December 31, 2012, a decrease of \$1,162,914, or 8.9%. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in cash of \$869,627, a decrease in inventory of \$569,037, and a decrease of property and equipment held for operations of \$475,521, partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable of \$570,370, an increase in deferred tax asset of \$147,444, and an increase in property held for investment of \$69,433.

Our liabilities at June 30, 2013, totaled \$7,717,818 compared to \$8,269,272 at December 31, 2012, a decrease of \$551,454, or 6.7%. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable of \$236,962, a decrease in notes payable of \$244,670, a decrease in due to affiliates of \$47,237, and a decrease in deferred taxes payable of \$111,051, partially offset by an increase in accrued rent of \$75,000.

Total stockholder's equity decreased from \$4,796,486 at December 31, 2012, to \$4,185,026 at June 30, 2013. This decrease was due to our net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and our purchase of treasury stock for the quarter.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents totaled \$2,009,568 at June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$869,627 from the balance of \$2,879,195 at December 31, 2012. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents was primarily due to the net operating loss and cash used to reduce debt and accounts for the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Inventory

Inventory consists primarily of pipe held for sale to our customers. We began purchasing pipe for sale to customers in December, 2007. This was an opportunity for us to expand our services to our customers. It is anticipated that the Company will continue its efforts to expand its sales of pipe.

Property and Equipment

The decrease in property and equipment is primarily due to depreciation for the six months ended June 30, 2013 of \$485,226.

Deferred Tax Asset/Income Taxes Payable

Due to the Company's loss for the six months ended June 30, 2013, our deferred tax asset has increased by \$147,465. We have decreased our deferred income taxes by \$111,051 due to the change in book and tax depreciation differences.

Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2013 totaled \$1,983,083 compared to \$2,220,045 at December 31, 2012, a decrease of \$236,962. The decrease is primarily due to the reduction of debt.

Discussion of Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2012

Revenues

Our revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2013, was \$1,319,313 compared to \$1,830,981, for the three months ended June 30, 2012, a decrease of \$511,668, or 27.9%. The decrease is attributable primarily to a decrease in pipe sales.

The following table presents the composition of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

Revenue:	2013		2012		Variance
	Dollars	Percentage	Dollars	Percentage	Dollars
Inspection Fees	\$ 587,642	44.5%	\$ 509,385	27.8%	\$ 78,257
Storage Fees	108,999	8.3%	206,609	11.3%	(97,610)
Pipe Threading	261,053	19.8%	99,297	5.4%	161,756
Pipe and Other Equipment Sales	296,254	22.5%	919,320	50.2%	(623,066)
Other Income	65,365	5.0%	96,370	5.3%	(31,005)
Total Revenue	\$ 1,319,313	100.0%	\$ 1,830,981	100.0%	\$ (511,668)

Cost of Revenue and Gross Profit

Our cost of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2013, was \$920,699 or 69.8% of revenues, compared to \$1,302,308, or 71.1% of revenues, for the three months ended June 30, 2012. The overall decrease in our cost of revenue is primarily due to our decreased sales. The decrease in cost of revenue as a percentage of revenues was due to the decrease in pipe sales.

The following table presents the composition of cost of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

Cost of Revenue:	2013		2012		Variance Dollars
	Dollars	Percentage	Dollars	Percentage	
Materials and Supplies	\$ 281,365	30.6%	\$ 701,244	53.8%	\$ (419,879)
Depreciation	202,733	22.0%	171,646	13.2%	31,087
Subcontract Labor	207,304	22.5%	216,445	16.6%	(9,141)
Labor and Related Costs	132,097	14.3%	133,607	10.3%	(1,510)
Insurance	43,574	4.7%	30,845	2.4%	12,729
Other Costs	37,588	4.1%	34,724	2.6%	2,864
Repairs and Maintenance	16,038	1.8%	13,797	1.1%	2,241
Total Cost of Revenues	\$ 920,699	100.0%	\$ 1,302,308	100.0%	\$ (381,609)

Due to limitations with the pool of qualified individuals, we utilized the services of subcontractors to assist us in providing timely and quality service to our customers. We will continue our efforts to attract employ and retain qualified individuals to serve the needs of our customers.

Operating Expenses

For the three months ended June 30, 2013, our operating expenses totaled \$411,380 as compared to \$467,761 in 2012, representing a decrease of \$56,381, or 12.1%. The largest components of our operating expense for 2013 consists of salaries and wages, professional services, rent, depreciation, and travel expenses. Salaries and wages for general and administrative personnel was \$137,008 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$109,659 for the three months ended June 30, 2012, an increase of \$27,349, or 24.9%.

Professional services expense decreased from \$87,134 for the three months ended June 30, 2012, to \$70,665 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$16,469, or 18.9%. The decrease is primarily a result of the timing of expenses we incurred in the first and second quarters of 2013.

Rent expense totaled \$48,948 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, as compared to \$60,991 for the three months ended June 30, 2012, a decrease of \$12,043, or 19.7%. Rent expense for both the three months ended June 30, 2013, and for the three months ended June 30, 2012, pertains primarily to our rental of office space for our headquarters in Lafayette as well as our rental of land and facilities for operating purposes.

Travel, Lodging and Meals totaled \$29,052 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, as compared to \$33,625 for the three months ending June 30, 2012, a decrease of \$4,573 or 13.6%.

Other operating expenses decreased from \$47,219 at June 30, 2012 to \$19,622 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$27,597, or 58.4%. Other operating expense consists primarily of taxes and licenses, training, advertising, dues and subscriptions.

Other Income and Expense

Other income and expense consists of investment income, interest expense, and gains and losses from the sale and disposal of assets. Other expense, net, totaled \$33,577 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$32,020, for the three months ended June 30, 2012, an increase of \$1,557 or 4.9%. Investment income, which consists of interest, dividends, realized gains and losses, and unrealized gains and losses, amounted to a gain of \$6,523 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to a gain of \$6,906 for the three months ended June 30, 2012.

Interest expense totaled \$40,100 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, as compared to \$38,926 for the three months ended June 30, 2012, an increase of \$1,174, or 3.0%. Interest expense pertains primarily to amounts due to affiliates as well as to our notes payable with third parties.

Provision for income taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2013, we reported an income tax benefit of \$19,607 compared to income tax expense of \$7,052 for the three months ended June 30, 2012, an increase of \$26,659, or 378.0%. The change was due to the net loss for the current period.

Discussion of Results of Operations for the Six months Ended June 30, 2013 compared to the Six months Ended June 30, 2012

Revenues

Our revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2013, was \$2,279,988 compared to \$5,269,659 for the six months ended June 30, 2012, a decrease of \$2,989,671, or 56.7%. The decrease is primarily due to the decline in pipe sales and inspection services.

The following table presents the composition of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

Revenue:	2013		2012		Variance
	Dollars	Percentage	Dollars	Percentage	Dollars
Inspection Fees	\$ 754,732	33.1%	\$ 1,611,715	30.6%	\$ (856,983)
Storage Fees	220,592	9.7%	213,088	4.0%	7,504
Manufacturing & Threading	292,843	12.8%	179,906	3.4%	112,937
Pipe and Other Equipment Sales	815,006	35.7%	2,866,515	54.4%	(2,051,509)
Other Income	196,815	8.7%	398,435	7.6%	(201,620)
Total Revenue	\$ 2,279,988	100.0%	\$ 5,269,659	100.0%	\$ (2,989,671)

Cost of Revenue and Gross Profit

Our cost of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2013, was \$2,015,278, or 88.4 % of revenues, compared to \$3,819,717, or 72.5% of revenues, for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The overall decrease in our cost of revenue is primarily due to our decreased sales. The increase in cost of revenue as a percentage of revenues was due to the fixed costs reported in cost of revenues. Materials and supplies decreased \$1,638,783 due to the decrease in pipe sales. Subcontract labor costs decreased by \$104,253, or 22.0%. Labor and related costs decreased by \$40,049, or 14.6%. These decreases are primarily attributable to the overall decrease in volume of inspection services. The increase in depreciation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2012 is primarily due to equipment purchases. Maintenance expense decreased by \$138,329, or 84.1%, during this period.

The following table presents the composition of cost of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012:

Cost of Revenue:	2013		2012		Variance
	Dollars	Percentage	Dollars	Percentage	Dollars
Depreciation	\$ 405,907	20.1%	\$ 343,292	9.0%	\$ (62,615)
Subcontract Labor	369,041	18.3%	473,294	12.4%	104,253
Labor and Related Costs	233,652	11.6%	273,701	7.2%	40,049
Repairs and Maintenance	26,095	1.3%	164,424	4.3%	138,329
Materials and Supplies	817,218	40.6%	2,456,001	64.3%	1,638,783
Insurance	99,846	5.0%	55,226	1.4%	(44,620)
Other	63,519	3.1%	53,779	1.4%	(9,740)
Total Cost of Revenue	\$ 2,015,278	100.0%	\$ 3,819,717	100.0%	\$ 1,804,439

Due to limitations with the pool of qualified individuals, we utilized the services of subcontractors to assist us in providing timely and quality service to our customers. We will continue our efforts to attract, employ, and retain qualified individuals to serve the needs of our customers.

Operating Expenses

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, our operating expenses totaled \$967,510 as compared to \$978,709 at June 30, 2012, representing a decrease of \$11,199, or 1.1%. The largest component of our operating expenses for 2013 consists of salaries and wages and professional services. Salaries and wages for general and administrative personnel was \$245,572 for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$243,125 for the six months ended June 30, 2012, an increase of \$2,447, or 1.0%.

Professional services expense increased from \$185,886 for the six months ended June 30, 2012, to \$277,708 for the six months ended June 30, 2013, an increase of \$91,822, or 49.4%. The increase is primarily a result of increased accounting, auditing, and legal fees relating to the settlement of a lawsuit regarding pipe, and the associated issues with reporting the transactions.

Rent expense totaled \$98,728 for the six months ended June 30, 2013, as compared to \$120,607 for the six months ended June 30, 2012. Rent expense pertains primarily to our rental of office space for our headquarters in Lafayette as well as our rental of land and facilities for operating purposes.

Utilities expense decreased from \$52,698 for the six months ended June 30, 2012 to \$26,792 for the six months ended June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$25,906 or 49.2%. The decrease is primarily due to a reduction of utility expenses at the Houston facility.

Other Income and Expense

Other income and expense consists of investment income, gains or losses on sale of assets, and interest expense, respectively. Investment income, which consists of interest, dividends, realized gains and losses, and unrealized gains and losses, amounted to \$13,930 for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$11,222 for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase is due primarily to income from temporary cash invested during the period.

Interest expense totaled \$80,601 for the six months ended June 30, 2013, as compared to \$78,463 for the six months ended June 30, 2012, an increase of \$2,138, or 2.7%. Interest expense pertains primarily to amounts due to affiliates as well as to our notes payable with third parties, and the increase relates to the principal payments on those debts and obligations.

Provision for income taxes

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, we reported an income tax benefit of \$258,516 compared to income tax expense of \$133,004 for the six months ended June 30, 2012, an increase of \$391,520 or 294.4%, which is the result of the decreased revenue and pre-tax net loss for the period.

Comparative financial information for the six months ended June 30:

	<u>June 30, 2013</u>	<u>June 30, 2012</u>	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>June 30, 2010</u>	<u>June 30, 2009</u>
Revenues	\$ 2,279,988	\$ 5,269,659	\$ 592,655	\$ 1,604,066	\$ 4,683,663
Cost of Revenues	<u>2,015,278</u>	<u>3,819,717</u>	<u>1,158,193</u>	<u>1,194,782</u>	<u>2,215,132</u>
Gross Profit (Loss)	<u>264,710</u>	<u>1,449,942</u>	<u>(565,538)</u>	<u>409,284</u>	<u>2,468,531</u>
Operating Expenses					
General & Administrative Expenses	888,191	896,379	809,424	1,173,429	996,806
Depreciation	<u>79,319</u>	<u>82,330</u>	<u>82,413</u>	<u>61,558</u>	<u>89,222</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>967,510</u>	<u>978,709</u>	<u>891,837</u>	<u>1,234,987</u>	<u>1,086,028</u>
Income (Loss) from Operations	(702,800)	471,223	(1,457,375)	(825,703)	1,382,503
Other Income (Expense)	<u>(66,671)</u>	<u>(67,241)</u>	<u>(88,053)</u>	<u>434,241</u>	<u>(46,459)</u>
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	(769,471)	403,992	(1,545,428)	(391,462)	1,336,044
Provision for Income Taxes	<u>(258,516)</u>	<u>133,004</u>	<u>(588,356)</u>	<u>(140,588)</u>	<u>492,534</u>
Net Income (Loss)	<u>\$ (510,955)</u>	<u>\$ 270,988</u>	<u>\$ (957,072)</u>	<u>\$ (250,874)</u>	<u>\$ 843,510</u>

Capital Resources and Liquidity

As of June 30, 2013 we had \$2,009,568 in cash and cash equivalents. Our cash outflows have consisted primarily of expenses associated with our operations. These outflows have been offset by the timely inflows of cash from our customers for sales that have been made. We have been able to utilize our relationships with affiliated entities to stabilize our liquidity needs.

We believe we can satisfy our cash requirements for the next twelve months only with our current cash and additional loans. However, completion of our plan of operation is subject to attaining adequate revenue. We cannot assure investors that adequate revenues will be generated. In the absence of our projected revenues, we may be unable to proceed with our plan of operations. Even without adequate revenues within the next twelve months, we still anticipate being able to continue with our present activities, but we will require financing to potentially achieve our growth goals.

In the event we are not successful in reaching our initial revenue targets, additional funds may be required, and we may not be able to proceed with our business plan for the development and marketing of our core services. Should this occur, we would likely seek additional financing to support the continued operation of our business.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is subject to certain market risks, including changes in interest rates and currency exchange rates. The Company does not undertake any specific actions to limit those exposures.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

a) *Evaluation of Disclosure Controls.* Our management evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of our second fiscal quarter 2013 pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) of the Securities and Exchange Act. Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based on the evaluation, management concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2013.

It should be noted that any system of controls, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the system are met. In addition, the design of any control system is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events. Because of these and other inherent limitations of control systems, there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

(b) *Changes in internal control over financial reporting.* There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Our management team will continue to evaluate our internal control over financial reporting in 2013 as we implement our Sarbanes Oxley Act testing.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**Item 1. Legal Proceedings.**

We were recently served with a motion filed by a major Chinese supplier requesting the court for a Temporary Restraining Order against the Company regarding a contractual dispute; however, the court found that no wrong doing was committed by the Company in order to award the Temporary Restraining Order. The court ruled in favor of the Company and denied the supplier its motion. There is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry or investigation before or by any court, public board, government agency, self-regulatory organization or body pending or, to the knowledge of the executive officers of our Company or any of our subsidiaries, threatened against or affecting our Company, our common stock, any of our subsidiaries or of our companies or our subsidiaries' officers or directors in their capacities as such, except as stated above, which an adverse decision could have a material adverse effect.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

None.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

Item 5. Other Information.

None

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports of Form 8-K.**(a) Exhibits**

31.1 Certifications pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002

32.1 Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002

(b) Reports of Form 8-K

None.

Item 7. Up-dates and Clarifications to prior non-financial information

The Company currently carries 5 million U. S. Dollars (\$5,000,000) in insurance. The company currently has 53 employees.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY, CORP.

Date: August 14, 2013

By: /s/ George M. Sfeir
George M. Sfeir
President, Chief Executive Officer,
and Director

Date: August 14, 2013

By: /s/ Amer Salhi
Amer Salhi
Chief Financial Officer